SECURITIES DATA

An overview of the differences between new CSEC and discontinued SEC statistics: compilation, coverage, breakdowns and methodology

	<u>SEC</u>	<u>CSEC</u>
Compilation		
Compilation approach	Compilation based on aggregate data provided by NCBs for national aggregates and the BIS for rest of the world (RoW) aggregates	Fully harmonised compilation in the Centralised Securities Database, based on security-by-security micro data for all aggregates
Timeliness	One month and eight working days after the end of the reference month	 Initial data ten working days after the end of the reference month, revised data one month and ten working days after the end of the reference month
Data quality management	Performed by NCBs based on national practices, supplemented by checks by the ECB	 Performed by NCBs and ECB using the CSDB, based on a common set of systematic checks for all aggregates
Revision policy	No restrictions on monthly revision window	 12-month revision window monthly, plus annual revision window of at least 36 months
Coverage		
Countries	 19 euro area countries (issues denominated in all currencies) RoW (issues denominated in EUR) 	 27 EU countries (issues denominated in all currencies) RoW (issues denominated in EUR)
History	From December 1989 to April 2022	 From December 2020 for all CSEC series From December 1989 for CSEC series already in SEC (estimated from SEC data)
Instruments	Debt securities and listed shares with or without an ISIN code	Debt securities and listed shares with an ISIN code ¹
Stocks and flows	Stocks, gross issues, redemptions	Stocks, gross issues, redemptions, revaluations, other changes in volume
Breakdowns a	nd data structure definition	
DSD	ECB SEC1	NA SEC
Interest rate type	Basic breakdown by fixed, zero coupon and variable interest rate for long-term debt securities	Detailed breakdown by fixed, zero coupon, inflation-linked, interest rate-linked and asset price-linked interest rate for all debt securities
Maturity	Basic breakdown by short- and long- term, based on original maturity	Detailed breakdown by original (short- and long-term) and residual maturities
Valuation		-
Methods used	 Face value for debt securities (apart from zero coupon bonds, where mixed valuation is applied) Market value for listed shares 	 Face, nominal and market value for all debt securities Market value for listed shares
Classification		
Stepped coupons	Stepped coupons classified as variable interest rate	Stepped coupons classified as fixed interest rate
Recording of s	tocks and flows	

_

¹ The main aggregates with significant shares of non-ISIN instruments are short-term debt securities denominated in EUR issued by NFCs and local governments in Finland; short-term debt securities denominated in foreign currency issued by MFIs in France; and long-term debt securities issued by financial vehicle corporations engaged in securitisation in Luxembourg.

Own holdings	Own holdings included in stocks, with changes treated as other changes in volume	Own holdings included in stocks and transactions
Securities issued and redeemed within the same month	 For short-term intra-month issues, either no flows or full gross issues and redemptions recorded, depending on national data collection practices For other securities with both tap issues and partial redemptions within the same month, either net differences of these transactions or full gross issues and redemptions, depending on national data collection practices 	For short-term intra-month issues, full gross issues and redemptions recorded For other securities with both tap issues and partial redemptions within the same month, net differences of these transactions recorded
Share	Replacement of shares with shares in	Replacement of shares with shares in a
exchanges as	a new corporation not recorded as a	new corporation recorded as a
part of a	transaction, except for new shares	transaction
merger	issued against cash	

Last modified: 24 June 2022